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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/051,335	10/19/2001	Shuichi Takayama	NAK1-BG86b	9991
20277 7:	590 12/13/2005	EXAMINER		
MCDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP 600 13TH STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3096			RAMPURIA, SATISH	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			2191	

DATE MAILED: 12/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/051,335	TAKAYAMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Satish S. Rampuria	2191			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions are period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated the period for reply will, by stated and the period for reply will, by stated the period for reply will, by stated and the period for reply will, by stated the period for reply will, by stated for the period for reply will be supported for the provisions of 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24	August 2005.				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ TI	, -				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>49-53</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>49-53</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	I/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority docume					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr		ed in this National Stage			
application from the International Bure		nd.			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not receive	su.			
Attachment(s)		(770.440)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D				
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/C Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/24/05</u>. 		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 10/051,335 Page 2

Art Unit: 2191

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the RCE filed on Aug 24, 2005.

2. Claims cancelled by the Applicants: 1-48

3. New claims added by the Applicant: 49-53

4. Claims 49-53 are pending.

5. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 08/24/2005 has been entered.

Information Disclosure Statement

6. An initialed and dated copy of Applicant's IDS form 1449 filed on 8/24/2005 is attached to the instant Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 7. The following is a quotation of the **second paragraph** of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 8. Claims 49 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Art Unit: 2191

Clarification and/or correction are required.

Regarding claim 49, the limitation, "boundary information" is unclear as to what is the boundary information, is it size of the instructions or something in that nature.

The rejection of the base claim 49 is necessarily incorporated into the dependent claims 50-53.

Double Patenting

9. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 31-35 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 2 of U. S. Patent No. 6,834,336 (hereinafter called '336). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of the following observation.

Art Unit: 2191

Instant Claim	'336 Claim	
49. (New) A processor that executes	1. A VLIW (Very Long Instruction Word)	
instructions converted by a compiler,	processor comprising:	
comprising:		
a fetching unit configured to fetch	a fetching unit configured to fetch the	
instruction packets one by one, wherein each	instruction block, the instruction block	
instruction packet has fixed bit length and	including (a) a format field having a format	
includes a plurality of instructions,	code and (b) an operation field having a code	
wherein each instruction has a boundary	to be processed by the processor, wherein the	
information bit, a value of which indicates	format code in the format field indicates	
whether the instructionshould be processed	whether a code in an operation field of the	
together with a succeeding instruction; and	instruction block should be processed	
	together with a code in the operation field of	
	a succeeding instruction block; a	
	decoding/judging unit configured to decode the	
	format code of a first instruction block and	
	judge whether to process a first code contained	
	in the operation field of the first instruction	
	block together with a second code contained in	
	the operation field of a second instruction	
	block that succeeds the first instruction block;	
an execution unit configured to process an	and an executing unit configured to process	

Art Unit: 2191

instruction contained in a certain
instruction packet and another instruction
contained in a succeeding instruction packet
in parallel based on the value of the
boundary information bit, wherein at least
one of the instruction packets includes
instructions which are processed
sequentially, and
wherein the value of the boundary information
bit is determined by the compiler during static
parallel scheduling.

the first and second codes simultaneously
when the decoding/judging unit judges
positively, wherein the fetching unit fetches
the first instruction block and second
instruction block sequentially.

- 50. (New) The processor of claim 49, wherein the execution unit is further operable to process the instruction contained in the certain instruction packet and the another instruction contained in the succeeding instruction packet sequentially based on the boundary information.
- 2. The VLIW processor of claim 1, wherein the executing unit is further operable to process the first code and the second code sequentially when the decoding/judging unit judges negatively.

Art Unit: 2191

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 49-53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent No. 5,881,260 to Raje et al. (hereinafter, Raje) in view of US Patent No. 5,226,131 to Grafe et al. (hereinafter, Grafe).

Per claims 49:

Raje disclose:

- A processor that executes instructions converted by a compiler, comprising:a fetching unit configured to fetch instruction packets one by one (col. 3, lines 12-13 "fetch another line of compressed instructions from an instruction cache"), wherein each instruction packet has fixed bit length and includes a plurality of instructions, wherein each instruction has a boundary information bit (col. 5, lines 20-25 "the instruction boundary marker... bit in each word of the instruction format is designated as the start bit... the start bit="1"... designates the start of a new instruction.. the start bit="0"... indicates that this word is a continuation of the current instruction" and FIG. 2 and related discussion), a value of which indicates whether the instruction should be processed together with a succeeding instruction (col. 5, lines 20-25 "the instruction boundary marker... bit in each word of the instruction format is designated as the start bit... the start bit="1".. designates

Art Unit: 2191

the start of a new instruction. the start bit="0"... indicates that this word is a continuation of the current instruction" and FIG. 2 and related discussion); and

- an execution unit configured to process an instruction contained in a certain instruction packet and another instruction contained in a succeeding instruction packet in parallel based on the value of the boundary information bit (col. 5, lines 54-58 "FIG. 3 illustrates the operation of the NEXTPC logic 250 in calculating the program counter values in parallel with decompression of instructions and fetching of additional ICACHE lines when the instruction sequence crosses an ICACHE line boundary"),
- wherein at least one of the instruction packets includes instructions which are processed sequentially (col. 3, lines 25-26 "an instruction sequencing circuit configured to receive the instruction boundary markers"), and
- wherein the value of the boundary information bit is determined (col. 5, lines 20-23 "FIG.
 2 uses start bits as the instruction boundary marker.. the start bit="1", this designates the start of a new instruction").

Raje does not explicitly disclose static parallel scheduling.

However, Grafe discloses in an analogous computer system static parallel scheduling (col. 1, lines 30-31 "static direction of parallel execution can be very efficient... system should statically schedule finer grains to pay the synchronization...").

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the method of static parallel scheduling as taught by Grafe into the method of sequencing and decoding variable length instructions with an

Application/Control Number: 10/051,335 Page 8

Art Unit: 2191

instruction boundary marker within each instruction as taught by Raje. The modification would be obvious because of one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to use static parallel scheduling to provide an efficiently execution of programs exploiting the maximum amount of parallelism as suggested by Grafe (col. 1, lines 25-29).

Per claims 50:

The rejection of claim 49 is incorporated, and further, Raje disclose:

- wherein the execution unit is further operable to process the instruction contained in the certain instruction packet and the another instruction contained in the succeeding instruction packet sequentially based on the boundary information (col. 5, lines 20-25 "the instruction boundary marker... bit in each word of the instruction format is designated as the start bit... the start bit="1"... designates the start of a new instruction.. the start bit="0"... indicates that this word is a continuation of the current instruction" and FIG. 2 and related discussion and col. 3, lines 25-26 "an instruction sequencing circuit configured to receive the instruction boundary markers").

Per claims 51:

The rejection of claim 49 is incorporated, and further, Raje disclose:

- wherein the processor is capable of executing a variable number of instructions in parallel (col. 3, lines 21-25 "The instruction decoding circuit comprises an instruction buffer configured to receive and store a line of variable length instructions from an instruction cache").

Application/Control Number: 10/051,335 Page 9

Art Unit: 2191

Per claims 52:

The rejection of claim 51 is incorporated, and further, Raje disclose:

- wherein a bit length of instructions which the processor executes in parallel is variable

(col. 3, lines 21-25 "The instruction decoding circuit comprises an instruction buffer

configured to receive and store a line of variable length instructions from an instruction

cache").

Per claims 53:

The rejection of claim 49 is incorporated, and further, Raje disclose:

- an instruction buffer for temporally storing instructions so as to be executed in a later

cycle (col. 3, lines 24-29 "The instruction decoding circuit comprises an instruction

buffer configured to receive and store a line of variable length instructions from an

instruction cache").

Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Satish S. Rampuria whose telephone number is (571) 272-3732.

The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am to 5:00 pm Monday to Friday except every

Art Unit: 2191

other Friday and federal holidays. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist: 571-272-2100

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wei Y. Zhen can be reached on (571) 272-3708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Satish S. Rampuria Patent Examiner/Software Engineer Art Unit 2191 11/14/2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER